

Country Profile

Country Name: Thailand

Capital: Bangkok

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| Political System | |
| Head of State | King Bhumibol Adulyadej, Prayuth Chan-ocha (Prime Minister) |
| Political System | Constitutional Monarchy |
| Current Ruling Party/Parties | Thailand's Military Junta |
| Other Political Parties | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Chat Pattana Party• Chat Thai Phattana Party• Mahachon Party• Matubhum Party• Phalang Chon Party• Phumjai (Bhumjai) Thai Party• Prachathipat Party• Prachathipathai Mai Party• Puea Thai Party• Rak Prathet Thai Party• Rak Santi Party |
| Military and Defence | |
| Alliances | SEATO (1953-1977), ASEAN, United Nations, Major ally with United States. |
| Disputes | Vietnam, Cambodian–Thai border dispute (11th Century border temple of Preah Vihear), Thailand-Myanmar Border Conflict (2001) |
| Wars | World War II, Franco-Thai Border War (Jan. 9, 1941-Jan. 28, 1941), Japanese Invasion of Thailand (1941), Thailand |

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| | as a Member of the Axis Powers- (1941-1945), Korean War (1950-1953), Cambodia-Thai Border Clash (1958), The American-Vietnamese War-(1956-1975), Thai Communist Guerrilla War (1965-1982), Khmer Rouge (Cambodia) Border Raids into Thailand (1975-1979), Thai–Laotian Border War (December 1987 – February 1988) |
| Civil Unrest | Thai Muslim Rebellion (2003 – Present), Thai Military Coup (2006), Red Shirt Protests and Political Violence (2010), Anti-Government Protests and Political Violence (2013), Military Imposition of Martial Law (May, 2014) |
| Economy | |
| Economic Strength/ Ranking | 118th |
| GNP Per Capita | GNI per capita US\$ \$9,900 (2013) GDP per capita US\$ \$5,370 (2013) |
| Main Trading Partners | Exports : China 11.7%, Japan 10.2%, US 9.9%, Hong Kong 5.7%, Malaysia 5.4%, Indonesia 4.9%, Singapore 4.7%, Australia 4.3% (2012) Imports : Japan 20%, China 14.9%, UAE 6.3%, Malaysia 5.3%, US 5.3% (2012) |
| Main Sources of Income | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Agriculture:12.1% -rice, cassava (manioc, tapioca), rubber, corn, sugarcane, coconuts, soybeans • Industry: 43.6% -tourism, textiles and garments, agricultural processing, beverages, tobacco, cement, light manufacturing such as jewelry and |

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| | <p>electric appliances, computers and parts, integrated circuits, furniture, plastics, automobiles and automotive parts; world's second-largest tungsten producer and third-largest tin producer</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Services: 44.2% -Services cover government activities, communications, transportation, finance, and all other private economic activities that do not produce material goods. <p>(2013 est.)</p> |
| Cultural, Religious and Social Practices | |
| Population | 67,741,401 |
| Demographics | Thai 95.9%, Burmese 2%, other 1.3%, unspecified 0.9% (2010 est.) |
| Official Languages | Thai (official) 90.7%, Burmese 1.3%, others 8% |
| Major Religions | Buddhist (official) 93.6%, Muslim 4.9%, Christian 1.2%, others 0.2%, none 0.1% (2010 est.) |
| Major Social Problems | Adolescent pregnancy and ageing population |
| Geographical Features | |
| Location | Southeastern Asia, bordering the Andaman Sea and the Gulf of Thailand, southeast of Burma |
| Neighbours | Myanmar, Cambodia, Laos, Malaysia |
| Water Security | Surface and ground water sources. 95% of people in rural area have access to improved water source. 97% |

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| | of people in urban area have access to improved water source (LittleGreenDatabook, 2014). Central plain has to rely on county's lower northern region. (The Water project) Agricultural sector takes up 90% of water supply. |
| Environmental Concerns | Land and water quality degradation, loss of natural habitat, increasing levels of air and water pollution. (http://data.worldbank.org/sites/default/files/wb-ldb_green_2014-crpd.pdf) |
| National Resources | Tin, rubber, natural gas, tungsten, tantalum, timber, lead, fish, gypsum, lignite, fluorite, arable land |

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